

GOOD URBAN GOVERNANCE for CITY INNOVATION

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GOOD URBAN GOVERNANCE

(promoted since late '90s)

Good Urban Governance Principles

- ✓ Participation
- ✓ Transparency and Accountability
- ✓ Sustainability
- ✓ Equity
- ✓ Subsidiarity
- ✓ Efficiency
- ✓ Security

Popularly presented in a holistic approach as:

- Social Justice
- Popular Participation
- Economic Productivity
- Ecological Sustainability
- Cultural Vibrancy

(adopted in many different ways)

(interdependent & mutually reinforcing)

City Focused Governance Systems

Since then, a plethora of efforts were developed:

- Green Cities, Sustainable Cities, Resilient Cities, Green and Resilient Cities
- Inclusive Cities, Compassionate Cities
- Competitive Cities, Smart Cities
- Healthy Cities
- Gender Sensitive Cities
- Children Friendly Cities, etc

Good Urban Governance still “in vogue”

- It comes in different flavors, purposes, etc
- We can even “mix and match” them
- It also pull out innovativeness in people



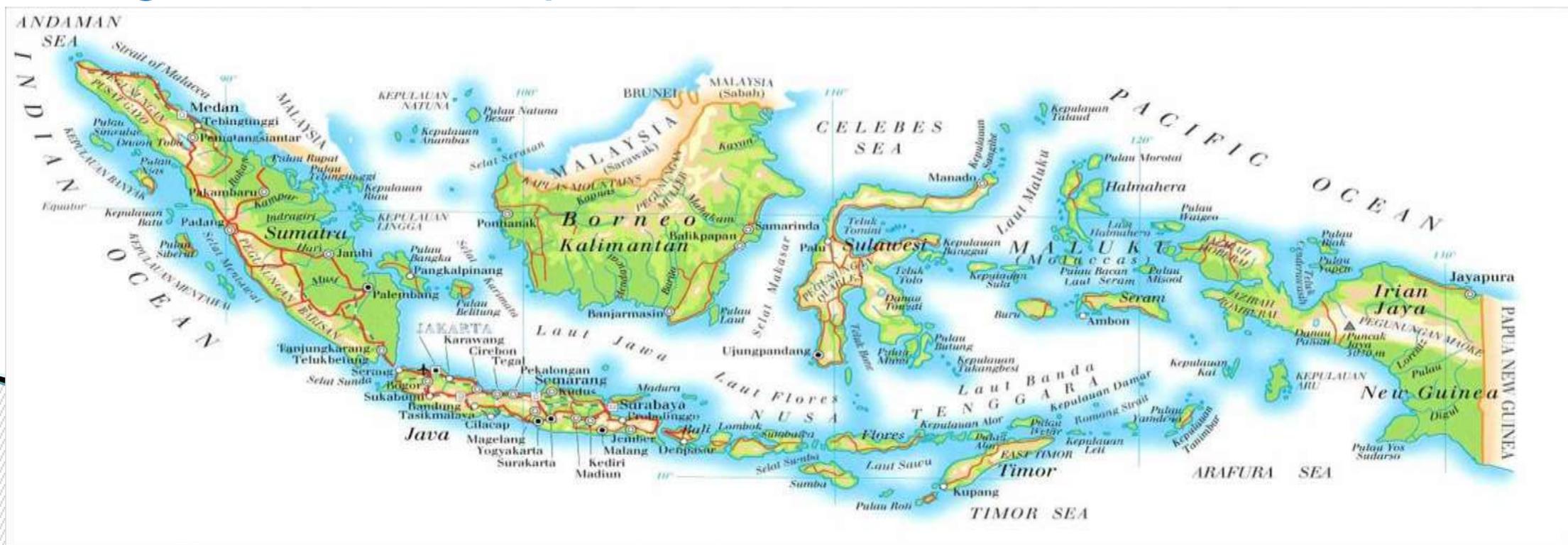
Good Urban Governance Principles Continue to be Relevant

- Participation is utmost important. It leverage on **community involvement** for better outcomes, and create a more **active engagement** of citizens
- Transparent, accountable and responsive governance system can enhance **competitiveness** and attract more investments
- Sustainability allows a **holistic approach**, integrating social, economic & environmental aspects in urban planning
- To practice the subsidiarity principle better, local leaders need a certain degree of **local autonomy** that allow better horizontal & vertical linkages, and enable cities to "**do more for less**"

Local Autonomy & Decentralization

Indonesia's Experience ('2000):

- Decentralizing from national level directly to 491 autonomous municipal level (398 districts & 93 cities); with 34 provinces doing coordinating functions
- This is recognizing Indonesia's diversity & widespread geography → too wide to cover centrally
- Decentralization of political, administrative and fiscal powers was supposed to enable municipal leaders to work in a more “manageable size” of public service deliveries



Local Autonomy & Decentralization ...cont.

Learning from Indonesia's Decentralization ('2000):

- it was a huge process, in a rather sudden & drastic way, after decades of centralized governance
- the municipalities were struggling in coping with it, as there are regional inequalities due to unequal capacities
- some survived, many were trapped in the "*power tends to corrupt*" phenomenon

Another breakthrough → direct local elections (2004)

- since then direct municipal leaders' elections have been held in over 500 regions, paving the way for better accountability
- it produced a stronger competition, and city leaders prove themselves by making innovations in the way they govern

Best Practices and Innovations

- Municipal leaders are now more exposed to many best practices and innovations of other cities in the country and around the world.
- City innovation does not mean we need to “reinvent the wheels”. It can be repeating existing practices with a different approach; improving, enlarging, or giving it a twist of fun
- Cities has better capacities to have a holistic approach in development
- Cities are also more free to explore innovative policies and practices in integrated solutions.
- Recently, EAROPH (East Asia Regional Organization for Planning and Housing) had their Congress in Jakarta, and recognized several cities & regencies for best practices.

Best Practices & Innovations *...continued*

EAROPH Recognition were given to city/regency leaders

- Surabaya, Tri Rismaharini: “Good Governance”
- Makassar, R. Pomanto: “Innovative Leadership”
- Yogyakarta, Haryadi Suyuthi: “Livable City”
- Tangerang Selatan, Airin R.Diany: “Public Private Partnership”
- Bandung, Ridwan Kamil” “City for Young & Creative People”
- Banyuwangi, Abdullah Azwar Anas: “Tourism Development”
- North Jakarta, Heru B Hartono: “Resilient City”
- Payakumbuh, Reza Falevi: “Regional Waste Management”
- Bantaeng, HM. Nurdin Abdullah; “Infrastructure Development”
- Semarang, Hendrar Prihadi: “Coastal Management”
- Pekalongan, Basyir Ahmad: “City for Small & Medium Enterprises”

→ similarities: they all apply good urban governance & sustainable development principles

The City of Bandung ...1



The City of Bandung ...2

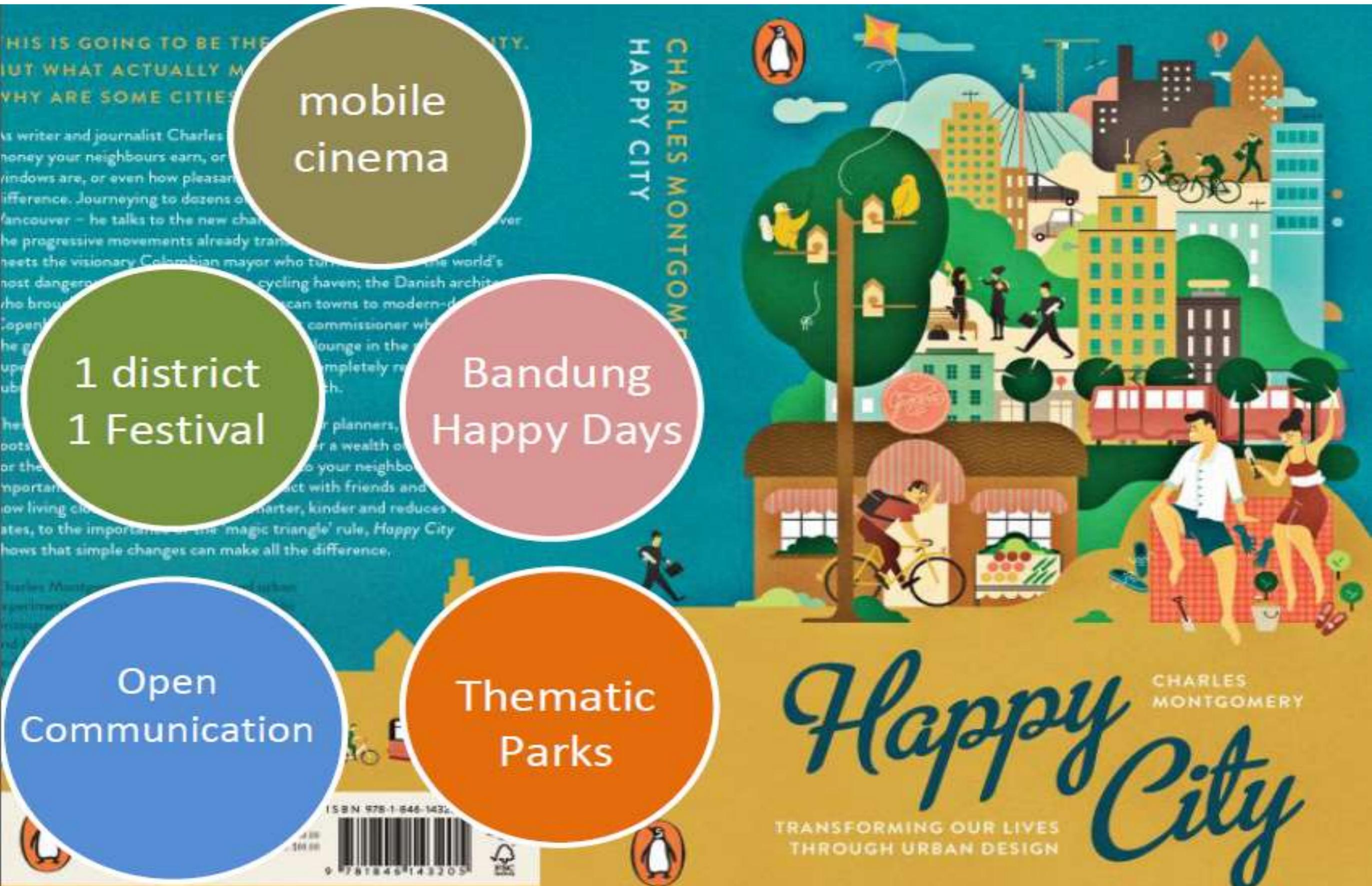
mobile
cinema

1 district
1 Festival

Bandung
Happy Days

Open
Communication

Thematic
Parks



The City of Bandung ...3



BANDUNG FUNDAYS: Changing Bandung one day at a time

#ReboNyunda

Pada hari Rabu, Masyarakat Kota Bandung diwajibkan berkesinambungan menggunakan Bahasa Sunda. Diluar itu juga disarankan Warga menggunakan busana khas Sunda, seperti laki-laki minimal menggunakan ket, maksimal menggunakan pongot, dan wanita minimal menggunakan kerambong, maksimal menggunakan kebaya.

#KamisInggris

Pada hari Kamis, selama sehari penuh, Warga Bandung diwajibkan bersama menggunakan Bahasa Inggris. Tujuannya, agar Warga Kota Bandung terbiasa berbicara Bahasa Inggris. Sehingga siap menyambut perdagangan bebas Asia Tenggara (AFTA) pada 2015.

#JumatSepeda

Pada hari Jumat, Warga Bandung diwajibkan untuk menggunakan sepeda setiap dirangsang. Program ini dilaksanakan untuk meningkatkan penggunaan sepeda oleh warga dan mewujudkan Kota Bandung sebagai Kota Sepeda.

The City of Bandung ...4

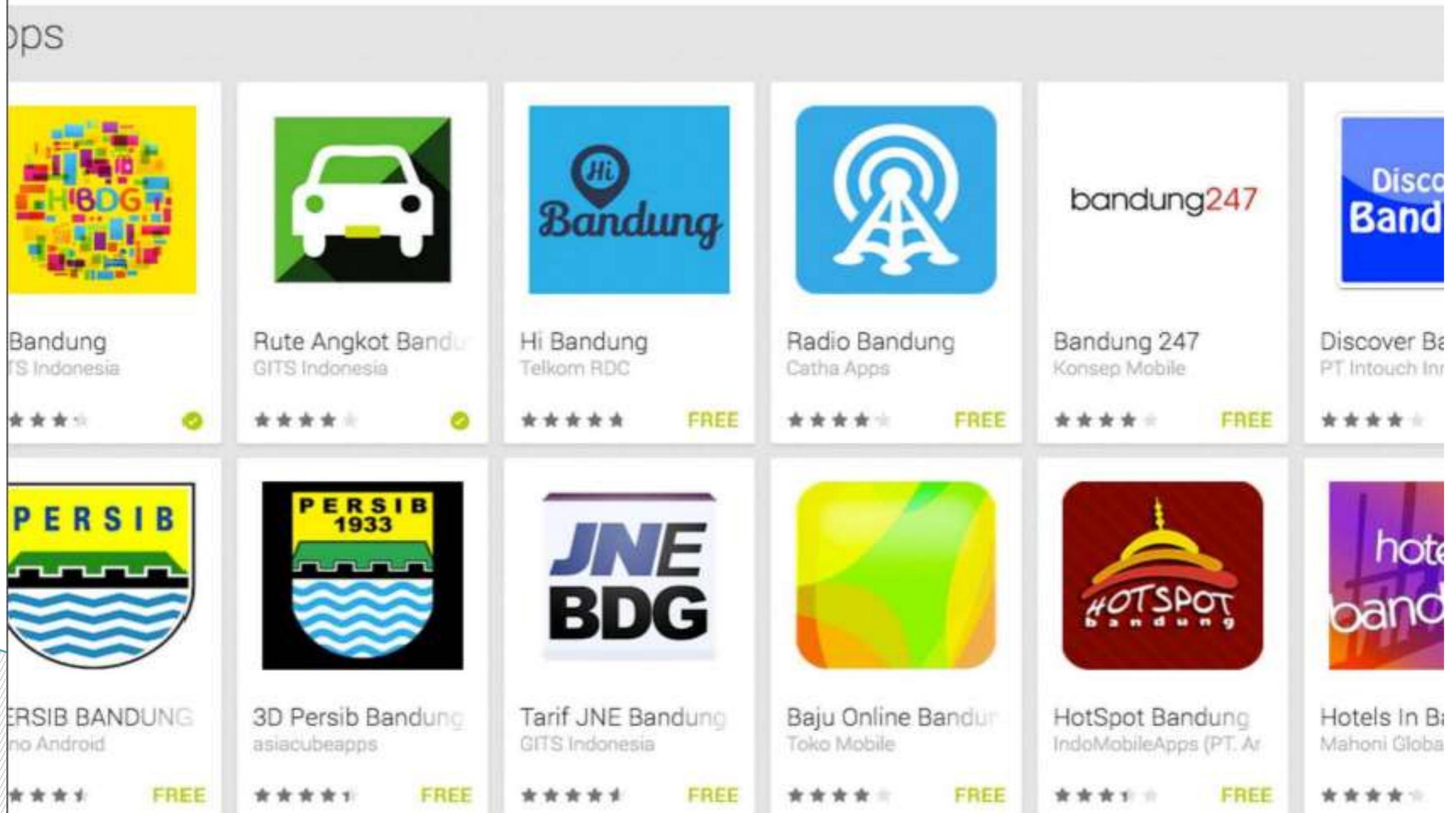


urban Farming Bandung



The City of Bandung ...5

(150 apps in 2015)



Regency of Banyuwangi

ATTRACTION
(Culture)

NATURE
(Adventure)

AMUSEMENT
(Adventure)



01	INTERNATIONAL SURFING COMPETITION	23 - 25 MEI	PULAU MERAH	WI
02	BARONG IDER BUMI	29 JULI	DESA KEMIREN	14.0
03	SEBLANG OLEHSARI	1 - 7 AGUSTUS	DESA OLEHSARI	14.0
04	BANYUWANGI BATIK FESTIVAL (BBF)	20 SEPTEMBER	GESIBU	19.0
05	BANYUWANGI ART WEEK	20 - 27 SEPTEMBER	DEPAN GESIBU	08.0
06	FESTIVAL RUJAK SOTO	20 SEPTEMBER	DEPAN GESIBU	08.0
07	MAMAH DEDEH NGAJI BARENG PEREMPUAN BANYUWANGI	20 SEPTEMBER	GOR TAWANG ALUN	14.0
08	TUMPENG SEWU KEMIREN	25 SEPTEMBER	DESA KEMIREN	18.0
09	SEBLANG BAKUNGAN	12 OKTOBER	DESA BAKUNGAN	18.0
10	INTERNATIONAL TOUR DE BANYUWANGI IJEN	16 - 19 OKTOBER	4 ETAPE	08.0
11	FESTIVAL ANAK YATIM	23 OKTOBER	PENDOPO	13.0
12	FESTIVAL WAYANG KULIT	1 NOVEMBER	TEGALDLIMO	10.3
13	KEBO-KEBOAN ALIYAN & ALAS MALANG	2 NOVEMBER	DESA ALIYAN DESA ALAS MALANG	05.3 10.0
14	BANYUWANGI ETHNO CARNIVAL (BEC)	22 NOVEMBER	TAMAN BLAMBANGAN	14.0
15	FESTIVAL NGOPI SEPULUH EWU	23 NOVEMBER	DESA KEMIREN	18.0
16	FESTIVAL GANDRUNG SEWU	29 NOVEMBER	PANTAI BOOM	13.0
17	BANYUWANGI JAZZ FESTIVAL	6 DESEMBER	GESIBU	19.0
18	FESTIVAL KUWUNG	13 DESEMBER	DEPAN PEMKAB	12.3
19	FESTIVAL NGARAK 1771 ANCAK	20 DESEMBER	TMN BLAMBANGAN	15.0
20	MALAM APRESIASI SENI BANYUWANGI	20 DESEMBER	TMN BLAMBANGAN	19.0
21	AGRO EXPO	20 - 27 DESEMBER	TMN BLAMBANGAN	08.0
22	INTERNATIONAL ADVENTURE TRAILL	21 DESEMBER	PERKEBUNAN BWI	07.0





Banyuwangi Batik Festival



Banyuwangi Tour d' Ijen



Banyuwangi Ethno Carnival

Banyuwangi International Surfing

Paju Gandrung Sewu

Banyuwangi Jazz Festival



Inside BANYUWANGI FESTIVAL



Local government of Banyuwangi Regency has committed to continuously developing with concern to ENVIRONMENT AND CONSERVATION ASPECTS. Banyuwangi develops a city that is not only human-friendly but also nature-friendly. It can be seen from the layout of the city.

The pavilion, hotels, parks, and also airports, all of which have environment perspectives.

Banyuwangi Digital Society is the Fifth infrastructure after roads, bridges, airport and seaport

Managing Director of PT Telkom:

"Nowadays, Banyuwangi is a regency with the biggest and the most complete wifi network & digital ecosystem in Indonesia. By this internet access, Banyuwangi people have opened the door of the infinite world".

✓ The Best Regency with the category of OVERALL SOCIETY Indonesia Digital Society Award (IDSA) 2014



Public space



Ponpes



Social & Economy	Community Service	Health	Education	Government
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Application of Integrated Management of Zakat, Infaq and Shodaqoh (ZIS Online) Indipreneur (UKM Online) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10.000 Wifi Programs for Banyuwangi society, including Indischool. Home Broadband Program 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Application of Integrated Hospitals Elektronic Service for Claims of the Poor 	<p>The Application of Integrated Education Community (schools, teachers, students, parents, institutions, programs of SAS and BOS)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Application of e-office Video Conference E-Audit

Banyuwangi Digital Society(B – Diso)

FINANCING OF DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

APBD Kabupaten

Activities in the
Regency scope;
Roads, Bridges,
Tertiary
irrigation

APBD Provinsi Jawa Timur

Activities in the
cross-Regency
scope; Roads,
Bridges,
Secondary
irrigation

APBN (DAK, TP, Dekon)

Seaport,
Airport, Railway,
Roads, National
Bridges, Primary
irrigation

CSR

Poor
community,
vulnerable
groups, social
and economic
infrastructure

PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

Activities with
non-profit
orientation,
Cooperation with
the private sector:
Banyuwangi Tour
de Ijen



The Pluit Reservoir Restoration

Kondisi awal Waduk Pluit

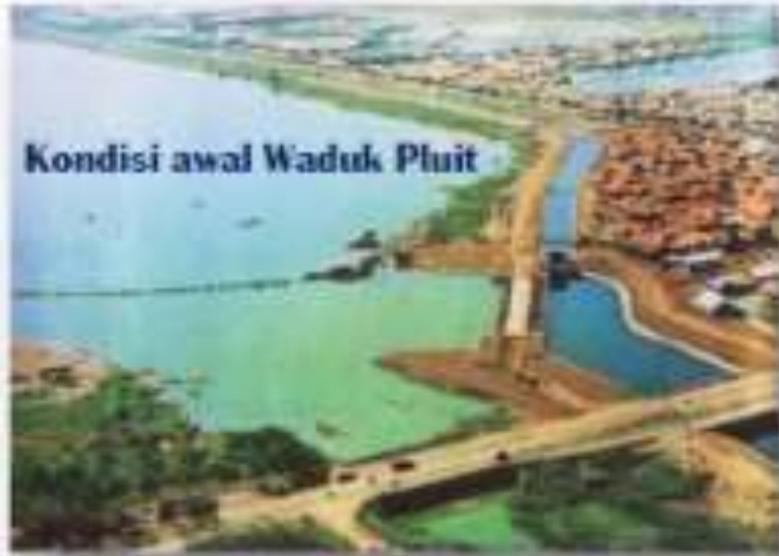


Foto Udara Waduk Pluit



Kondisi pemukiman di sekitar Waduk Pluit



PENGERUKAN LUMPUR DAN PENANAMAN POHON DI WADUK PLUIT



Taman Waduk Pluit



The City of North Jakarta

Moving illegal settlements under the toll road



Emptied area returned as public space





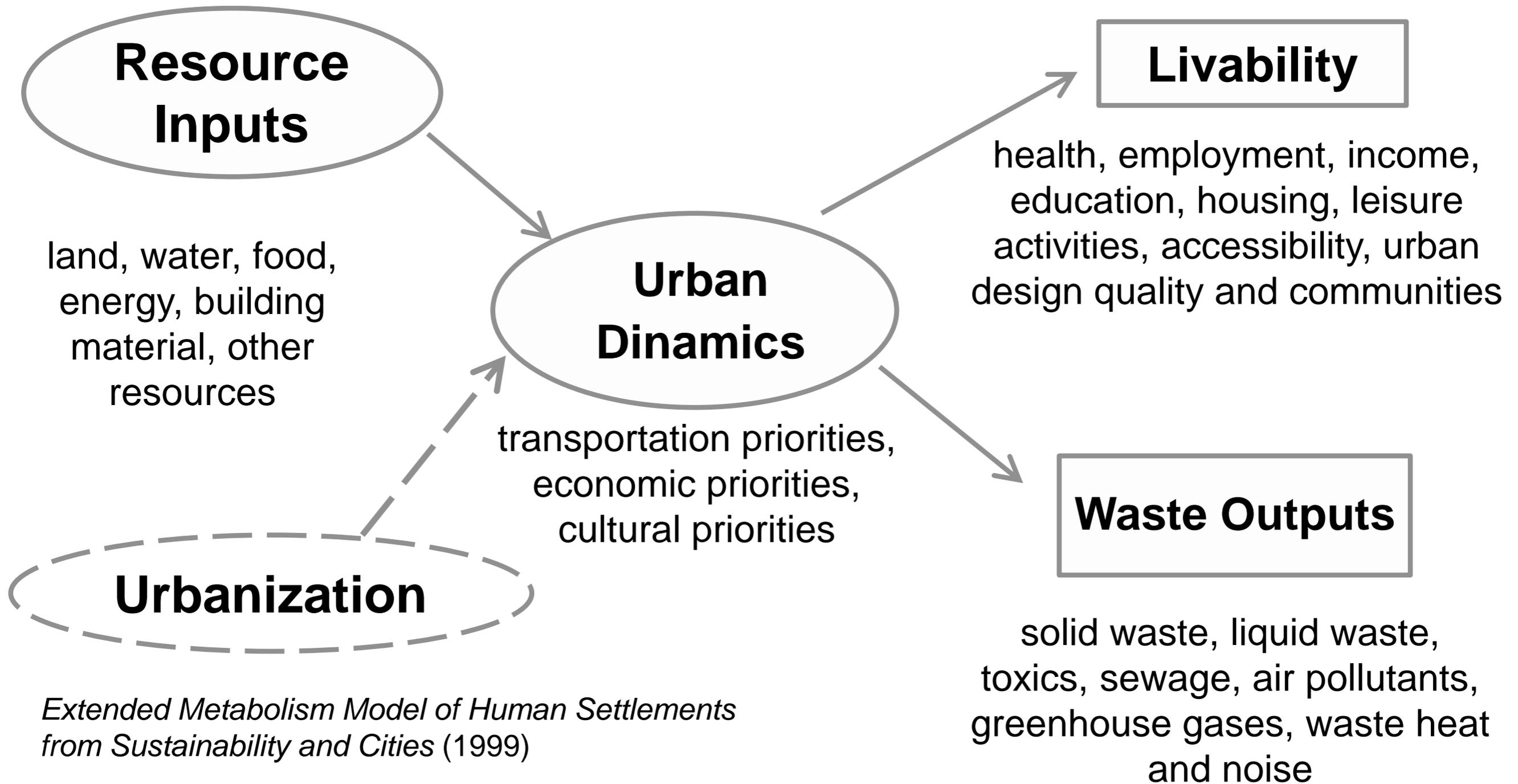
Mangrove planting for coastal resilience

Urban Solutions in SDGs (Sustainable Development Goals)

- In 2015, the UN will replace the Millennium Development Goals with SDGs, where there is a goal to "Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable".
- It has 11 targets to be reached by 2030, including targets of common urban challenges like access to public housing & basic services; sustainable transport system, sustainable urbanization, etc.
- It also targets on municipal waste management, resilience to disasters, green open spaces, air quality, and others.

→ Both a challenge & opportunity for cities around the world: to develop more national, regional and global linkages and knowledge sharing

Challenges Ahead



*Extended Metabolism Model of Human Settlements
from Sustainability and Cities (1999)*

→ don't face it alone... build horizontal & vertical linkages

Challenges Ahead

For ADB, CDIA & partners:

- ✓ More, wider, deeper knowledge sharing and outreach
- ✓ Up-scaling best practices and innovations
- ✓ Facilitate/ bridge municipalities with access to resources

For city leaders:

- ✓ Creation of more value with fewer resources and less impact (*doing more with less*),
- ✓ Continuously seek environmental improvements that generate social as well as economic benefits,
- ✓ Promote innovation, growth and competitiveness in cities while protecting the environment



**THANK
YOU**

****) Former UN Special Ambassador for MDGs in Asia and the Pacific***

******) Founder & Chair, YIPD (Foundation for Local Governance Innovation)***

******) Presented at the "South-South City Leaders Forum", Manila 2-3 Dec. 2014***